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The United States sanitary inspector at Habana reports that during the week ended July 9 there were 50 cases of yellow fever, with 20 deaths therefrom, in Habana.

GERMANY.

Denial of press reports of cholera in Dantzig.

In reply to a cablegram addressed to the United States consul-general at Berlin, inquiring whether there were any cholera cases in Dantzig, as reported in the press, the following answer was received:

BERLIN, July 10, 1896.

False alarm. Not Asiatic (cholera).

KAY,
United States Consul-General.

JAPAN.

Report of infectious diseases in Japan.

YOKOHAMA, June 17, 1896.

SIR: I have the honor to forward the following return of epidemic disease in Japan from June 8, the date of my last report, up to yesterday:

Cholera.—Tokyo Fu, 4 cases; Osaka Fu, 1 case; Fukuoka Ken, 1 case; Gumma Ken, 1 case; Kochi Ken, 1 case; Tochigi Ken, 1 case; Wakayama Ken, 1 case; Yamaguchi Ken, 1 case; Yehime Ken, 1 case.

Relapsing fever.—Kagawa Ken, 486 new cases since June 7; Tokushima Ken, 113 new cases since June 7.

The reports from the following fu and ken, returned in my last as infected, are incomplete, though in all the disease is still present and, in most, increasing: Chiba Ken, Fukushima Ken, Gifu Ken, Gumma Ken, Hiogo Ken, Kanagawa Ken, Nagano Ken, Okayama Ken, Shidzuoka Ken, Tochigi Ken, Tokyo Fu, Osaka Fu, Kyoto Fu.

The kens of Shiga and Niigata have also been invaded by spirillum fever since my last report.

Plague.—Plague still exists as an epidemic of a not very extensive character in the island of Formosa, and there only, within the limits of this Empire. Statistics are, however, entirely wanting.

I have the honor to be, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

STUART ELDRIDGE, M. D.,
Sanitary Inspector, U. S. M. H. S.

LEEWARD ISLANDS.

Quarantine imposed against St. Christopher.

[From the Leeward Islands Gazette.]

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE, June 19, 1896.

It is hereby notified that at a meeting of the executive council of Antigua held this day quarantine has been imposed against the presidency of St. Kitts-Nevis.

GEO. MELVILLE,
Colonial Secretary.

The above refers to 2 deaths, supposed to be from yellow fever, which occurred at St. Christopher. It is difficult to get any definite information.

M. B. BARTLEMAN,
United States Consul.

Under date of July 2, 1896, the United States consul at St. Christopher reports as follows :

This island has been quarantined by some of the neighboring islands for a supposed outbreak of yellow fever, but the chief medical officer here is issuing clean bills of health, the only disease thereon noted being measles, which is in an epidemic form. At present I know of no cases of fever of any sort in town, but there have been 5 deaths from fever during the last three weeks, which the chief medical officer calls "bilious remittent," the last death having taken place on Saturday, the 27th ult.

MEXICO.

Sanitary report from Tampico.

TAMPICO, MEXICO, *July 6, 1896.*

SIR: I had the honor to respond to your cablegram: "No semblance of yellow fever here. Perfectly healthy." I again repeat the statement frequently made, "No yellow fever here since 1878." This assertion is made by reliable persons. My personal observation does not extend beyond November, 1893.

Death reports, 1896.—January, 53; February, 42; March, 50; April, 50; May, 43; June, 44. Population, 12,000.

Official statement for May.—Fifteen deaths, children under 4 years, 6 of whom were under 4 months; 2 deaths from smallpox; 16 deaths from consumption; 4, malarial fever; 6, general causes; total, 43.

Fully one-half of the deaths were persons who did not have medical attendance. More than three-quarters of the population are Indians, mixed breeds, who place their reliance in herbs, many of whom have never taken a dose of medicine as we understand the term.

I can not obtain detailed reports for June for a few days yet.

Monthly reports are obtainable about 15th of each month, as they are made to the municipality.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

JOHN MAGUIRE,
United States Consul.

TURKEY.

Sanitary report of Turkey.

[Report No. 154.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, *June 24, 1896.*

SIR: Pilgrims coming back from the Hedjaz are arriving in Constantinople. There are about 4,000 who have already arrived in good health.

The sanitary news received from the different provinces of the Turkish Empire is good. The epidemics which prevailed in the districts of Marash and Zeitum, in Western Armenia, and which were a consequence of the massacres which have occurred in those places, as well as in all Asia Minor, have nearly disappeared. The physicians who have been